

VAMAN JAYANTI

The festival of Vaman Jayanti celebrates the birth of Lord Vaman on the 12th day of the bright half of the month of Bhadarvo.

Lord VAMAN was an incarnation of Vishnu. He incarnates himself as a dwarf in this world. Baliraja, was a very valorous and mighty asura. By his penance and might, he conquered the whole world. Indra and other gods feared that he and the other asuras would conquer all the three worlds. So all the deities went to Lord Vishnu for help. Lord Vishnu was then born as a dwarf (Lord Vaman). He went to Baliraja on growing up and asked for alms. Bali was delighted to offer him anything he requested even though his priest warned him that it was Lord Vishnu.

Lord Vaman then requested for the amount of land that could come under his three feet. Bali gracefully agreed. Lord Vishnu then grew in size and covered the earth and heaven in two of his strides. Due to the lack of space, he put his third leg on Bali himself and crushed Bali to the nether or the Patala loka (underground world), thus helping the Gods out and protecting them from this mighty asura.



The six Temples that Maharaj built

A man however great or intelligent cannot meditate calmly in the home. The simple reason is there are many material objects and thoughts in the home that will distract one's devotion. It is said the doing one mala in the temple is equal to doing 100 at home. This just illustrates how important temples are in our sampraday. Lord Swaminarayan built six temples in which he himself performed the murti pratishta.

<u>Ahmedabad</u>

- This was the first temple to be constructed. An English collector donated the land during the British Raj. A deed document was transcribed on to copper plate, which stated that the land was remain under the ownership of the Swaminarayan Samprayday forever.
- Shikhars: 3 pinnacles Murti Pratistha Date: Falgun sud 3, VS 1878 (24 February 1822 AD). Main Deity: Shree Nar-Narayan Dev Constructed by : Anandanand Swami

<u> Bhuj – Kutch</u>

- The devotes living in Bhuj including Gangaram Mull, Sundarji Suthar & Hirji Suthar requested the Lord to construct a temple at Bhuj.
- Shikhars: 3 pinnacles Murti Pratistha Date: Vaishakh sud 5, VS 1879 (15 May 1823 AD).
 Main Deity: Shree Nar-Narayan Dev Construction by: Vaishnavanand Swami

<u>Vadtal</u>

- The devotees of Vadtal including Joban Pagi, Kuberbhai Patel & Ranchodbhai Patel requested the Lord to build a big temple at Vadtal. Lord Swaminarayan himself helped in the construction by carrying stones to the site.
- Shikhars: 9 pinnacles Murti Pratistha Date: Kartik sud 12, VS 1881 (3 November 1824 AD). Main Deity: Shree Laxmi-Narayan Dev Responsible for Construction: Brahmanand Swami & Aksharanand Swami



<u>Dholera</u>

- Punjaji Darbar urged the Lord to construct a temple in Dholera.
- Shikhars: 5 pinnacles Murti Pratistha Date: Vaishakh Vad 13, VS 1882 (19 May 1826 AD).
 Main Deity: Shree Radha-Madanmohan Dev Responsible for Construction: Nishkulanand Swami & Adbhutanand Swami

<u>Junagadh</u>

- Jinabhai (Hematsinh) Darbar presented the Land for the temple construction at Junagadh.
- Shikhars: 5 pinnacles Murti Pratistha Date: Vaishakh Sud 2, VS 1884 (1 May 1828 AD).
 Main Deity: Shree Radha-Raman Dev Construced by: Brahmanand Swami

<u>Gadhada</u>

- Lord Swaminarayan stayed in Gadhada for 25 years and made Gadhada the centre of the Samprayday. By the request of Dadakhachar and his sisters, the Lord constructed a grand temple.
- The idol of Gopinathji Maharaj installed at Gadhada is in the same proportions as the Lord himself. Narayanji Suthar was the sculptor of the idol of Gopinathji Maharaj. Lord Swaminarayan gave him divine vision so that he may see the Lord for his exact measurement even when he was miles away.
- Shikhars: 3 pinnacles Murti Pratistha Date : Ashwin sud 12, 1885 VS (9 October 1828 AD).
 Main Deity : Shree Gopinathji Maharaj Constructed by : Lord Swaminarayan Himself & Viraktanand Swami